## United States Court of Appeals For the Eighth Circuit

No. 24-1292

United States of America

Plaintiff - Appellee

v.

Michael Heinitz

Defendant - Appellant

Appeal from United States District Court for the Northern District of Iowa - Cedar Rapids

> Submitted: August 21, 2024 Filed: August 28, 2024 [Unpublished]

Before SMITH, BENTON, and GRASZ, Circuit Judges.

PER CURIAM.

Michael Heinitz appeals the sentence the district court<sup>1</sup> imposed after he pleaded guilty to a sexual exploitation of a child, in violation of 18 U.S.C. § 2251(a)

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>The Honorable Charles J. Williams, United States District Judge for the Northern District of Iowa.

and (e). His counsel has moved to withdraw, and has filed a brief under <u>Anders v.</u> <u>California</u>, 386 U.S. 738 (1967), arguing that Heinitz's 360-month prison term is substantively unreasonable.

After careful review, we conclude that the district court did not abuse its discretion in sentencing Heinitz within the properly calculated Guidelines range. <u>See United States v. Feemster</u>, 572 F.3d 455, 460-62 (8th Cir. 2009) (en banc) (standard of review). The record shows that the district court considered and rejected, in light of the 18 U.S.C. § 3553(a) factors, defense counsel's arguments in support of a downward variance based on Heinitz's young adulthood, immaturity, and acceptance of responsibility, and nothing in the record indicates that the district court overlooked a relevant factor, gave significant weight to an improper factor, or made a clear error of judgment in weighing appropriate factors. <u>See id.</u> at 461; <u>see also United States v. Acosta</u>, 619 F.3d 956, 962-63 (8th Cir. 2010) (denial of request for downward variance reviewed under deferential abuse-of-discretion standard); <u>United States v. Miner</u>, 544 F.3d 930, 932 (8th Cir. 2008) (on appeal, reviewing court may presume sentence within properly calculated guidelines range is reasonable).

Having independently reviewed the record pursuant to <u>Penson v. Ohio</u>, 488 U.S. 75, 80 (1988), we find no non-frivolous issues for appeal. Accordingly, we grant counsel leave to withdraw and affirm.